

# Lecture 4

## Assembly language and Procedures

Calling on in transit

*CS 241: Foundations of Sequential Programs*

Winter 2018

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# Review

- ▶ Arrays
- ▶ Conditionals (if-statements)
- ▶ Loops

## Loop example

```
;$2 <- 13  
lis $2  
.word 13
```

```
; clear $3  
add $3, $0, $0
```

```
; add current value to total  
add $3, $3, $2
```

```
; decrement $2  
lis $1  
.word -1  
add $2, $2, $1
```

```
; if $2 != 0, loop  
bne $2, $0, -5
```

```
; return to the OS  
jr $31
```

# Labels

# Storing and Restoring Registers

- ▶ We wish to keep register values intact

# Procedures (Example 6a and 6b)

# Rules for stack usage

If I push, I pop

# Recursion in MIPS (Example 7a and 7b)

# A trace of the flow of control

# Template for MIPS recursion

1. save registers (in particular, \$31)
2. check base case(s)
3. recursive case
  - ▶ compute next values
  - ▶ call myself
  - ▶ compute my return value
4. restore registers

# Binary trees in (linear) RAM

## Other MIPS notes

- ▶ unsigned operators (e.g., `multu`, `sltu`, ...)
- ▶ local variables in MIPS?
- ▶ dynamic memory?