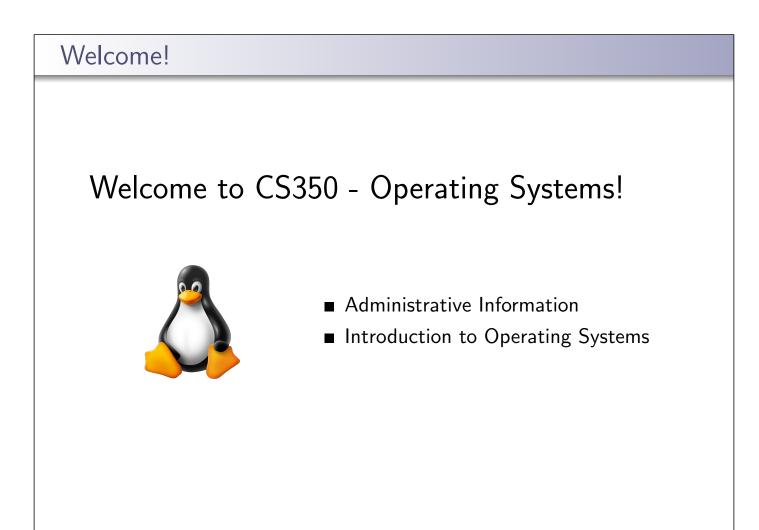
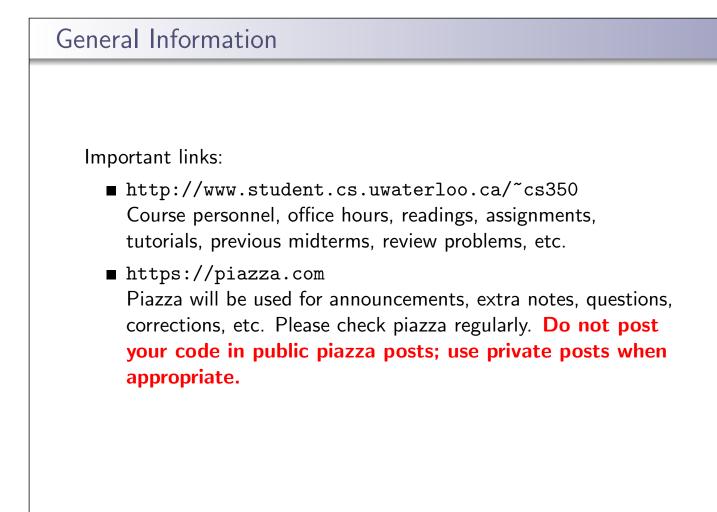
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Course Readings

Course notes are **required**.

They are **NOT** designed to be standalone. Come to class, take notes. Notes are available online from the course website. You may also purchase a printed copy, if you desire.

Textbook is **NOT** required, but highly recommended.

Operating Systems: Three Easy Pieces

Remzi H. Arpaci-Dusseau and Andrea C. Arpaci-Dusseau Textbook is available **FREE** on-line. Link to the text is available on course website. All recommended readings are linked on course website.

Grading Scheme

```
A0, A1, A2, A3: Assignment marks as a percentage
M: Midterm exam grade as a percentage
F: Final exam grade as a percentage
Normal = 0.35 * A + 0.20 * M + 0.45 * F
Exam = (0.20 * M + 0.45 * F)/0.65
if ( Exam < 50% ) {
    Course Grade = min (46, Normal, Exam)
} else {
    Course Grade = Normal
}
Note: you must pass the weighted average of the midterm and the
final exam in order to pass the course.
Course outline on the course website includes an alternative
grading scheme, if midterm and, or final exams have to be
scheduled online.
```

```
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```

Assignments

There are **4** assignments. All assignments are to be done **individually**.

You will not be writing your own OS. You will be adding/fixing features of an existing OS.

We use **OS/161** (~22,000 lines for kernel), which runs on **SYS/161** (MIPS simulator/VM)

Slip days:

- Allows flexibility in assignment deadlines
- Total of 5 slip days
- Can use maximum of 3 slip days per assignment

Continuity Plans in the face of Covid-19

- You should not come to class or attend any in-person activities if you are experiencing COVID-19 symptoms or are required to self-isolate. Here is playlist from Spring 2021 that you can use to follow along the lecture in case you miss class due to illness:
 - CS350 Spring 2021 Playlist from Dr. Lesley Istead
 Note, the material in Spring 2022 is slightly different from the Spring 2021 term. You are responsible for comparing the course notes from the course website for this term to ensure that you do not miss important material.
 To discuss any concepts that you may miss, feel free to come to virtual office hours
- In the event of absence due to influenza-like illness or required self-isolation, submit an Illness Self-declaration form in the Personal Information section in Quest.
- Contact the COVID-19 Support and Advice line to report their illness.

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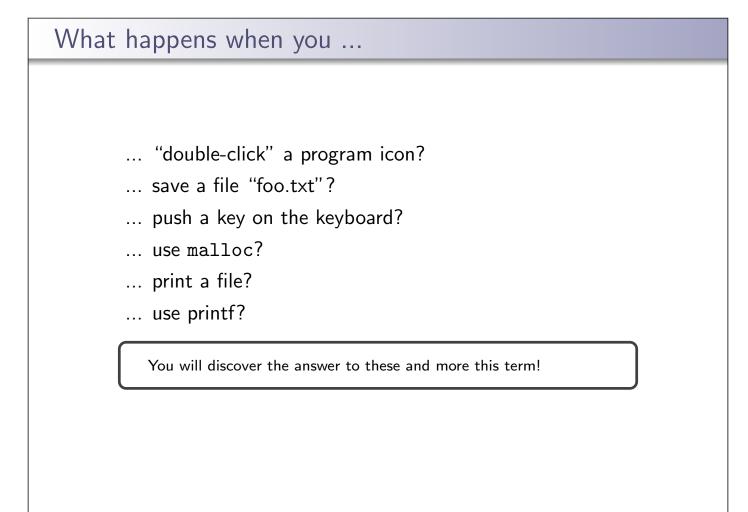
Plagiarism and Academic Offenses READ AND UNDERSTAND INFO ON COURSE WEB PAGE This course has extra requirements and ignorance is no excuse! Do not use code from other sources: Do not copy code from friends, web sites, or other sources Do not search for or look at other code for any reason Avoid blogs that provide instructions We use VERY GOOD cheat detection software Every term people are caught Often: 0 on assignment and -5% off final grade

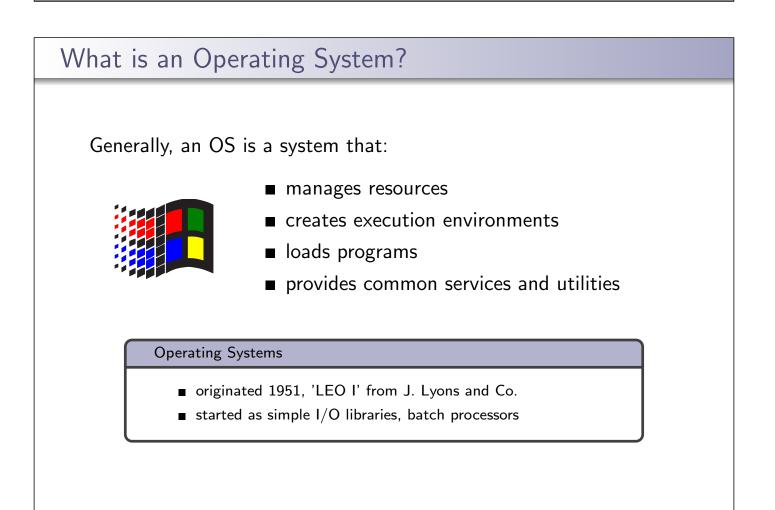
Plagiarism and Academic Offenses
Other than websites identified in the course, it is acceptable to use
the web to
understand the lecture material, learn how to use Git, bmake,
GDB, and other tools used in this course
But it is not acceptable to use the web to
get an idea of how to approach the assignment,
copy or view code that may help you do the assignment
It is acceptable to consult with other students to
get a general idea of how to approach the assignment
get a general idea of how to overcome a stumbling block or
fix a bug.
But it is not acceptable to
view another student's code or have another student view
your code.
share more than general concepts/ideas
write your discussion down
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Plagiarism and Academic Offenses

IF you have taken this course before, you may reuse your previous code if:

- You ask your instructor for permission
- Your code was not subject to previous cheating penalties
- You understand it will be re-tested using our cheat detection software



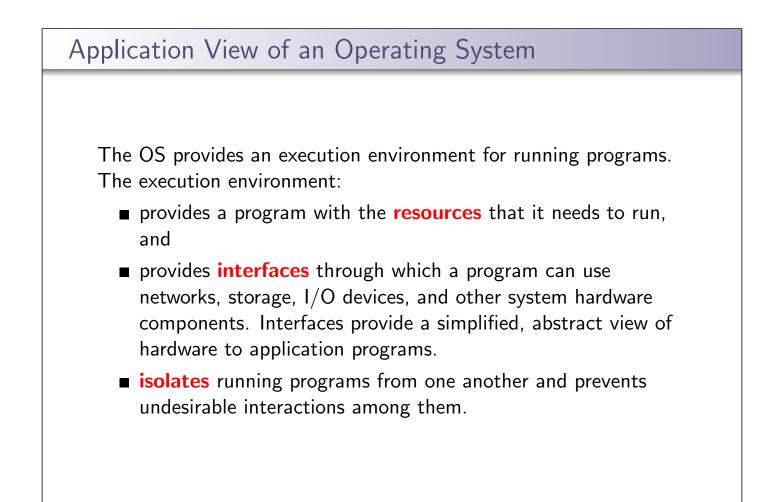


Three views of an Operating System



Application View: what services does it provide?System View: what problems does it solve?Implementation View: how is it built?

An operating system is part cop, part facilitator.

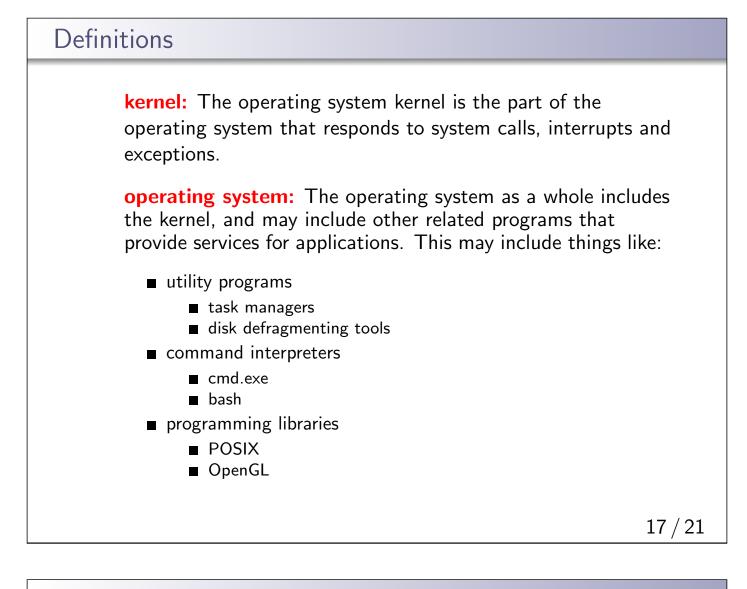


System View of an Operating System
The OS:

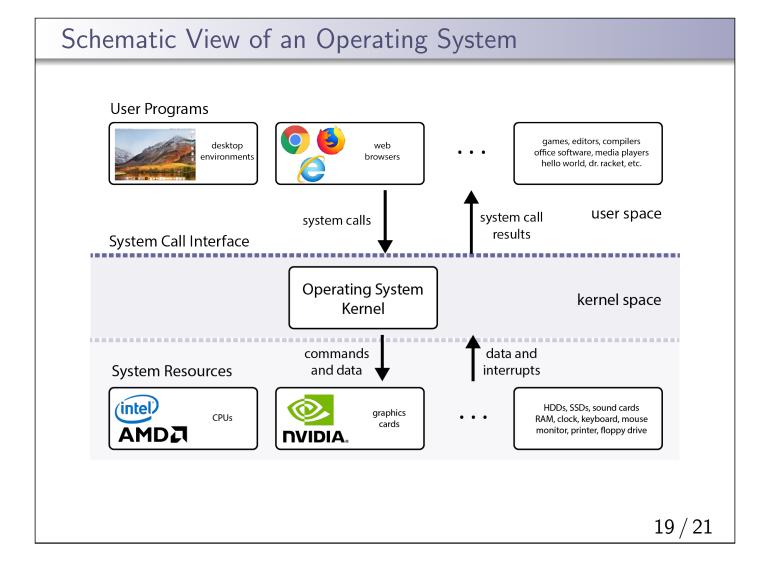
manages the hardware resources of a computer system. Resources include processors, memory, disks and other storage devices, network interfaces, I/O devices such as keyboards, mice and monitors, etc.
allocates resources among running programs.
controls the sharing of resources among programs.

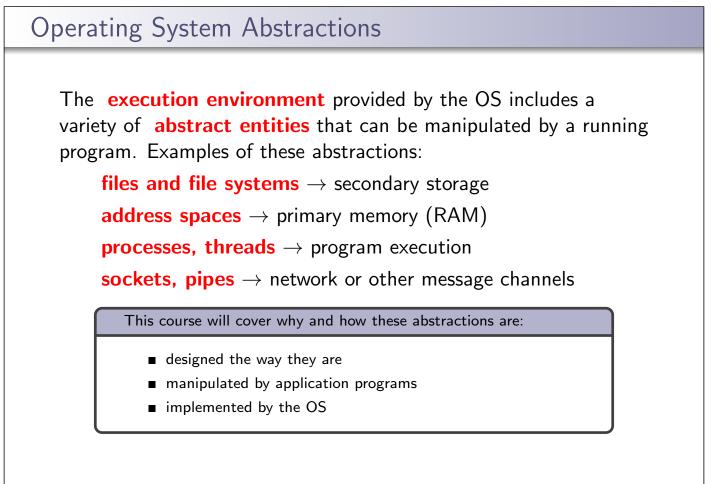
The OS itself also uses resources, which it must share with application programs.

Implementation View of an Operating System The OS is a concurrent, real-time program. Concurrency, multiple programs/instructions running or appearing to run at the same time. Concurrency arises naturally in an OS when it supports concurrent applications. Real-time, programs that must respond to events within specific timing constraints. For example, hardware interactions impose timing constraints. How does the OS implement these?



Definitions monolithic kernel: "everything and the kitchen sink" is a part of the kernel. This includes device drivers, file system, virtual memory, IPC, etc. microkernel: only absolutely necessary components are a part of the kernel. All other elements are user programs. real-time OS: an OS with stringent event response times, guarantees, and preemptive scheduling. Windows, Linux, Mac OSX, Android and iOS are monolithic operating systems. They are not real-time. QNX is a real-time, microkernel operating system that originated here!





Course Coverage

- Introduction
- Threads and Concurrency
- Synchronization
- Processes and the Kernel
- Virtual Memory
- Scheduling
- Devices and Device Management
- File Systems
- Virtual Machines

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