

**University of Waterloo**  
**CS 462 — Formal Languages and Parsing**  
**Winter 2018**  
**Problem Set 5**

*Distributed Monday, February 5 2018.*

*Due Monday, February 12 2018 by 5 PM. Hand in to LEARN.*

*All answers should be accompanied by proofs.* In all problems the underlying alphabet  $\Sigma$  is assumed to be finite.

1. [10 marks] What is the relationship between the Myhill-Nerode equivalence classes for  $L$  (not necessarily regular) and those for the complement  $\bar{L}$ ? Be as specific as possible.
2. [10 marks] What are the Myhill-Nerode equivalence classes of the language

$$L = \{x \in \{0, 1\}^* : |x|_0 = |x|_1\}?$$

Describe them. (Recall that  $|x|_a$  is the number of occurrences of the symbol  $a$  in the word  $x$ .)

3. [10 marks] Show that the following problem is decidable – that is, give an algorithm for it.

Input: a DFA  $A = (Q, \Sigma, \delta, q_0, F)$ , and an integer  $c$ .

Output: “Yes”, if there exists an integer  $n \geq 0$  such that  $A$  accepts exactly  $c$  words of length  $n$ , and “No” otherwise.

Hint: use the matrix approach for representing the DFA and look at Theorem 3.8.6.